Gamma Irradiation: a Tool for Remedial Conservation of Cultural Heritage



 Biocide Treatment of Organic Materials and Consolidation of Wooden Degraded Artifacts by Radiation Curing Resins -

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Nuclear New Horizons: Fueling our Future

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Short Presentation of ARC-Nucléart and Introduction •

Gamma Rays for Biocidal Treatments of Cultural Heritage Artefacts •

Radiocurable Resin for Consolidation of Porous Degraded Material •





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ARC-Nucléart : An Unique Structure for Cultural Heritage Conservation

Cez

born in the 70's from the idea of using "nuclear" techniques for heritage conservation

Located in Grenoble / France, on the site of the French Commission for Atomic Energy (CEA) research center arc nucle art

Atelier de Recherche et de Conservation



analysis laboratories

ARC-Nucléart Missions and Activities

Conservation / Restoration of Archaeological Waterlogged

Organic Materials

Removal, treatment, restoration, etc.

"from the excavation to the museum"

Research & Development for Conservation and Preservation of Cultural Heritage

O OCH3 Improvement of existing treatments and development of new treatments, Fight against acidification nucle

H2C>

Biocidal Treatment of Different Collections

Gamma Irradiation

Characterization

and analytical techniques for cultural heritage



Conservation / Restoration of Wooden Sculptures and Polychromed **Historic Woods**

Polychromic studies, wood consolidation, restoration, basing, etc.

Valuation of resources and competences for research and industry

Modern wood reinforcement Irradiations for R & D programs Qualification of radiation resistance of components

Training

Dissemination

and

Dedicated Irradiator of ARC-Nucléart

Pool irradiator 2000 TBq ⁶⁰Co (max 3700 TBq)



double enclosed capsule of stainless steel (inox 316L)

Dedicated Irradiator of ARC-Nucléart





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Fighting Against Biodeterioration



Efficiency (Biological Effect): A Matter of Dose



Harmlessness: A Matter of Dose







Japanese palanquin in lacquered wood with metal decorations, 19th c,, Saint-Rémi Museum, Reims, France.











Tens of Thousand Cubic Meters Treated Since the 70's in ARC-Nucléart:



Insect Eradication in Ethnological Artefacts



Church Sculptures: Chambors, Christ en croix, XVI^e s.



Church Sculpture: Yenne, Pietà, XV^e – XVI^e s.



Archive Decontamination

• New application in France ("Archives Nationales", 2016-2017)

> • Ongoing studies on "non standard" archival materials

 Widely used in many countries despite a slight depolymerization of cellulose at high doses

"Paper deterioration by mold is more severe than by gamma irradiation" John Havermanns (†), TNO, Netherlands

Some "exotic" customers

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"Nucléart" method: Consolidation by densification in two steps

First Step: Vacuum / Pressure Impregnation

"Nucléart" method: Consolidation by densification in two steps

Second Step: Radio-induced cross-linking by gamma irradiation

Styrene / unsaturated polyester resin

gamma irradiation

Thermoset plastic

Solidification of the impregnated resin staying in microporosity

An Irreversible Method that Must Be Justified

• Last chance technic

 Treatment of archaeological waterlogged wood

Suzannecourt, saint Vincent, 18th c.

Extremely severe xylophagous attack

Suzannecourt, saint Vincent, 18th c.

"Nucléart" consolidation

Suzannecourt, saint Vincent, 18th c.

Support

Thank you for your attention

